

FWP0001324

PERTHVILLE CLAY MINE FORWARD PROGRAM

Monday 26 August 2024 to Wednesday 25 August 2027





Contents

Summary	1
Important	
Three-year forecast – surface disturbance activities	1
Project description	1
Description of surface disturbance activities	1
Three-year rehabilitation forecast	1
Rehabilitation maintenance and corrective actions	1
Rehabilitation schedule	1
Progressive mining and rehabilitation statistics	1
Three-yearly forecast cumulative disturbance and rehabilitation progression	1
Attachment 1 – Reporting Definitions	9
Attachment 2 – Definitions	10



Summary

DETAIL	
Mine	Perthville Clay mine
Reference	FWP0001324
Forward program commencement date	Monday 26 August 2024
Forward program end date	Wednesday 25 August 2027
Forward program revision (if applicable)	
Contact	Georgina Thompson
Mining leases	ML 1714 (1992)
Project location	CSR BUILDING PRODUCTS LIMITED
Date of submission	Thursday 29 February 2024

Important

The department may make the information in your program and any supporting information available for inspection by members of the public, including by publication on its website or by displaying the information at any of its offices. If you consider any part of your program to be confidential, please communicate this to the department via the message function on this submission within the NSW Resources Regulator Portal.

Three-year forecast – surface disturbance activities

Project description

The Perthville site is located off Hen and Chicken Lane, Perthville within the Bathurst Regional Council Local Government Area (LGA) and is comprised of 14.32 Ha. The site is situated on land categorised as RU1: Primary Production. The site is bounded by RU1: Primary Production to the west, south and east and SP3: Tourist to the north. Development Consent No 1994/0375 was first granted on the 27th October 1995 by Bathurst Regional Council for the extraction and transportation of clay materials. The consent was modified in October 2011 to allow for continued extraction of clay as well as the extraction and processing of overburden material. Mining Lease (ML) 1714 was granted to CSR Building Products Limited on the 26th August 2015 for the extraction of clay/shale and expires on the 26th of August 2036.

Description of surface disturbance activities

Exploration activities

No exploration activities are expected to occur during the next 3 years.

Construction activities

No construction is expected to occur during the next 3 years.

Mining schedule

Mining development method and sequencing and general mine features.

Once mining recommences, active disturbance will extend southwards from the current active void in the southeastern corner of the site, west of the overburden emplacement area. The extraction plan has been developed so that the visual impact of the quarrying activities will be minimised at adjacent properties such as "Dunramin" to the north and some of the more distant neighbours to the east and west. All mining activities are carried out by contractors on a campaign basis and all equipment is owned by them. Clay is ripped or pushed into stockpiles of approximately 3 metres in height on the quarry floor using the dozer. Actual tonnages of overburden to be processed and transported offsite will vary depending on product demand. The overburden material will be crushed and screened before being moved off site. Exposed fresh basalt and gravels will be targeted for processing into landscaping/construction material directly from the mine face. To achieve this, benches will be created in order to position

PERTHVILLE CLAY MINE FORWARD PROGRAM

FWP0001324 | Monday 26 August 2024 to Wednesday 25 August 2027



excavators and to allow the overburden to be loaded directly into the mobile crusher. Mine faces will be constructed at a maximum of 45 degrees or 1:1 to maximise the resource.

Areas identified for emplacements, the sequencing of emplacements, construction, and management.

Overburden is currently emplaced to the northeast and south-southeast of the site.

Overburden is stored in stockpiles which undergo natural vegetation re-establishment. Once extraction activities are finalised, for each particular portion of the quarry, the emplaced overburden will be ripped parallel to the contour lines with a dozer or excavator to a depth of approximately 0.5 metres to provide a key for overburden and topsoil retention and to assist in the infiltration of rainfall. Batter slopes will be formed with a maximum slope of 1:3 and overburden will be placed to a depth of 200mm over the ripped surface. Topsoil will then be placed to a depth of between 200 to 300mm. Contour banks or drains would be established as required to prevent surface runoff from areas upslope and minimise erosion of rehabilitated surfaces. As soon as topsoil emplacement is completed the rehabilitated landform will be sown with pasture seed.

Processing infrastructure activities and the location of tailings facilities and schedule for emplacement.

No processing of residues or tailings will occur within the next 3 years. Clay is stockpiled on the ML and transported to the Sydney brickworks as required. Once delivered to the brickworks it is blended and used as required in the manufacture of bricks and brick products. Overburden will be processed and stockpiled on sited and transported offsite as required.

Waste disposal and materials handling operations.

There will be no waste disposal facilities on site as contractors and truck drivers will take all fuel, oils and litter with them when they leave the site each day. Dozer refuelling will be undertaken on flat ground with a spill kit in the refuelling vehicle. If any spills occur the spill procedure would be followed. The mine waste emplacements consist of overburden extracted from the mine area. This overburden will be utilised in future activities including landform shaping.

PERTHVILLE CLAY MINE FORWARD PROGRAM

FWP0001324 | Monday 26 August 2024 to Wednesday 25 August 2027



Key production milestones

MATERIAL	UNIT	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3
Stripped topsoil (if applicable)	(m³)	331.35	311.61	324.15
Rock/overburden	(m³)	11	13	15
Ore	(Mt)	0.01	0.01	0.01
Reject material ¹	(Mt)	0	0	0
Product	(Mt)	0	0	0

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,{\rm This}$ includes coarse rejects, tailings and any other wastes resulting from beneficiation.



Three-year rehabilitation forecast

Rehabilitation maintenance and corrective actions

The rehabilitation activities on the Perthville site are progressing as per the SoEE. No key issues regarding the successful rehabilitation have arisen.

Rehabilitation schedule

To date, rehabilitation activities have been focused upon: • Maintaining water and erosion management structures. • Battering of slopes and revegetation of material within the rehabilitation domains. There are no planned rehabilitation activities planned for the upcoming reporting period. Maintenance, including surface water management and erosion works to stabilise pit slopes, weed management & revegetation will be conducted where necessary. Site fencing, signage and general site security will be maintained. All rehabilitation activities to be conducted in upcoming reporting periods are to be completed as per the SoEE. Extractive activities are unlikely to recommence upon the site during the remainder of the FWP period.



Progressive mining and rehabilitation statistics

Three-yearly forecast cumulative disturbance and rehabilitation progression

FORECAST	UNIT	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3
A Total surface disturbance footprint	(ha)	4.25	4.35	4.46
B Total active disturbance	(ha)	1.8	1.9	2.01
P Total new area of land proposed for active rehabilitation	(ha)	0	0	0



Attachment 1 – Reporting Definitions

REPO	ORTING CATEGORY	DEFINITION
A	Total disturbance footprint – surface disturbance	All areas within a mining lease that either have at some point in time or continue to pose a rehabilitation liability due to surface disturbance activities.
		The total disturbance footprint is the sum of the total active disturbance, decommissioning, landform establishment, growth medium development, ecosystem and land use establishment, ecosystem and land use development and rehabilitation completion (see definitions below).
		Underground mining operations should not include the footprint of underground mining areas/subsidence management areas in the total disturbance footprint.
В	Total active disturbance	Includes on-lease exploration areas, stripped areas ahead of mining, infrastructure areas, water management infrastructure, sewage treatment facilities, topsoil stockpile areas, access tracks and haul roads, active mining areas, waste rock emplacements (active/unshaped/in or out-of-pit), tailings dams (active/unshaped/uncapped) and temporary stabilised areas (e.g. areas sown with temporary cover crops for dust mitigation and temporary rehabilitation).
С	Rehabilitation – land preparation	Includes the sum of all disturbed land within a mining lease that have commenced any, or all, of the following phases of rehabilitation – decommissioning, landform establishment and growth medium development. Refer to the glossary of terms in this document for the definition of these phases of rehabilitation.
D	Ecosystem and land use establishment	Includes the area which has been seeded/planted with the target vegetation species for the intended final land use. However, vegetation has not matured to a stage where it can be demonstrated that it will be sustainable for the long term and or require only a maintenance regime consistent with target reference/analogue sites.
		Typically, rehabilitation areas would be in this phase for at least two years (and usually more) before rehabilitation can be classified as being in the ecosystem and land use development phase. This phase does not apply to infrastructure areas that are being retained as part of final land use for the site.



Attachment 2 – Definitions

WORD	DEFINITION
Active	In the context of rehabilitation, land associated with mining domains is considered 'active' for the period following disturbance until the commencement of rehabilitation.
Active mining phase of rehabilitation	In the context of rehabilitation, the active mining phase of rehabilitation constitutes the rehabilitation activities undertaken during mining operations such as salvaging and managing soil resources, salvaging habitat resources, and native seed collection. This phase also includes management actions taken during operations to manage risks to rehabilitation and enhance rehabilitation outcomes such as selective handling of waste rock and management of tailings emplacements.
Analogue site	In the context of rehabilitation, an analogue site is a 'reference site' that represents an example of the defining characteristics (such as vegetation composition and structure or agricultural productivity) of the final land use. Characteristics of analogue sites can be assessed to develop the rehabilitation objectives and completion criteria for final land use domains.
Annual rehabilitation report and forward program	As described in the Mining Regulation 2016.
Annual reporting period	As defined in the Mining Regulation 2016.
Closure	A whole-of-mine-life process, which typically culminates in the relinquishment of the mining lease. It includes decommissioning and rehabilitation to achieve the approved final land use(s).
Decommissioning	The process of removing mining infrastructure and removing contaminants and hazardous materials.
Decommissioning Phase of Rehabilitation	Activities associated with the removal of mining infrastructure and removal and/or remediation of contaminants and hazardous materials. In the context of the rehabilitation management plan this phase of rehabilitation may also include studies and assessments associated with decommissioning and demolition of infrastructure or works carried out to make safe or 'fit for purpose' built infrastructure to be retained for future use(s) following lease relinquishment.



WORD	DEFINITION
Department	The Department of Regional NSW.
Disturbance	See Surface Disturbance.
Disturbance area	An area that has been disturbed and that requires rehabilitation. This may include areas such as on-licence exploration areas, stripped areas ahead of mining, infrastructure areas, water management infrastructure, sewage treatment facilities, topsoil stockpile areas, access tracks and haul roads, active mining areas, waste emplacements (active/unshaped/in or out-of-pit), tailings dams (active/unshaped/uncapped), and areas requiring rehabilitation that are temporarily stabilised (i.e. managed to minimise dust generation and/or erosion).
Domain	An area (or areas) of the land that has been disturbed by mining and has a specific operational use (mining domain) or specific final land use (final land use domain). Land within a domain typically has similar geochemical and/or geophysical characteristics and therefore requires specific rehabilitation activities to achieve the associated final land use.
Ecosystem and Land Use Development	This phase of rehabilitation consists of the activities to manage maturing rehabilitation areas on a trajectory to achieving the approved rehabilitation objectives and completion criteria. For vegetated land uses this phase may include processes to develop characteristics of functional self-sustaining ecosystems, such as nutrient recycling, vegetation flowering and reproduction, and increasing habitat complexity, and development of a productive, self-sustaining soil profile. This phase of rehabilitation may include specific vegetation management strategies and maintenance such as tree thinning, supplementary plantings and weed management.
Ecosystem and Land Use Establishment	This phase of rehabilitation consists of the processes to establish the approved final land use following construction of the final landform. For vegetated land uses this rehabilitation phase includes establishing the desired vegetation community and implementing land management activities such as weed control. This phase of rehabilitation may also include habitat augmentation such as installation of nest boxes.
Exploration	Has the same meaning as that term under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007.



WORD	DEFINITION
Final landform and rehabilitation plan	As defined in the Mining Regulation 2016.
Final land use	As defined in the Mining Regulation 2016.
Form and way	Means the form and way approved by the Secretary. Approved form and way documents are available on the Department's website.
Growth Medium Development	This phase of rehabilitation consists of activities required to establish the physical, chemical and biological components of the substrate required to establish the desired vegetation community (including short lived pioneer species.
	This phase may include spreading the prepared landform with topsoil and/or subsoil and/or soil substitutes, applying soil ameliorants to enhance the physical, chemical and biological characteristics of the growth media, and actions to minimise loss of growth media due to erosion.
Habitat	Has the same meaning as that term under the <i>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</i> and the <i>Fisheries Management Act 1994</i> (as relevant).
Indicator	An attribute of the biophysical environment (e.g. pH, topsoil depth, biomass) that can be used to approximate the progression of a biophysical process. It can be measured and audited to demonstrate (and track) the progress of an aspect of rehabilitation towards a desired completion criterion (i.e. defined end point). It may be aligned to an established protocol and used to evaluate changes in a system.
Land	As defined in the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> .
Landform Establishment	This phase of rehabilitation consists of the processes and activities required to construct the final landform. In addition to profiling the surface of rehabilitation areas to the approved final landform profile this phase may include works to construct surface water drainage features, encapsulate problematic materials such as tailings, and prepare a substrate with the desired physical and chemical characteristics (e.g. rock raking or ameliorating sodic materials).
Large mine	As defined in the Mining Regulation 2016.
Lease holder	The holder of a mining lease.



WORD	DEFINITION	
Life of mine	The timeframe of how long a mine is approved to mine, from commencement to closure.	
Mine rehabilitation portal	Means the NSW Resources Regulator's online portal that lease holders must use (via a registered account) to: upload rehabilitation geographical information system (GIS) spatial data develop rehabilitation GIS spatial data (using online tracing functions) generate rehabilitation plans and rehabilitation statistics using the map viewer and Rehabilitation Key Performance Indicator functionalities. Data submitted to the mine rehabilitation portal is collated in a centralised geodatabase for use by the NSW Resources Regulator to regulate rehabilitation performance of lease holders.	
Mining area	As defined in the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> .	
Mining domain	A land management unit with a discrete operational function (e.g. overburden emplacement), and therefore similar geophysical characteristics, that will require specific rehabilitation treatments to achieve the final land use(s).	
Mining land	As defined in the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> .	
Native vegetation	Has the same meaning as that term under section 60B of the <i>Local Land Services Act</i> 2013.	
Overburden	Material overlying coal or a mineral deposit.	
Performance indicator	An attribute of the biophysical environment (for example pH, slope, topsoil depth, biomass) that can be used to demonstrate achievement of a rehabilitation objective. It can be measured and audited to demonstrate (and track) the progress of an aspect of rehabilitation towards a desired completion criterion, that is, a defined end point. It may be aligned to an established protocol and used to evaluate changes in a system.	



WORD	The stages and sequences of actions required to rehabilitate disturbed land to achieve the final land use. The phases of rehabilitation are: active mining decommissioning landform Establishment growth medium development ecosystem and land use establishment ecosystem and land use development.	
Phases of rehabilitation		
Progressive rehabilitation	The progress of rehabilitation towards achieving the approved rehabilitation completion criteria. This may be described in terms of domains, phases, performance indicators and rehabilitation completion criteria.	
Rehabilitation Completion	The final phase of rehabilitation when a rehabilitation area has achieved the approved rehabilitation objectives and rehabilitation completion criteria for the final land use. Rehabilitation areas may be classified as complete when the NSW Resources Regulator has determined in writing that the relevant rehabilitation obligations have been fulfilled following submission of Form ESF2 Rehabilitation completion and/or review of rehabilitation cost estimate application by the lease holder.	
Rehabilitation Completion criteria	As defined in the Mining Regulation 2016.	
Rehabilitation cost estimate	As defined in the Mining Regulation 2016.	
Rehabilitation management plan	As defined in the Mining Regulation 2016.	
Rehabilitation objectives	As defined in the Mining Regulation 2016.	
Rehabilitation risk assessment	As defined in the Mining Regulation 2016.	
Rehabilitation schedule	The defined timeframes for progressive rehabilitation set out in the forward program.	



WORD	DEFINITION	
Relevant stakeholders	Means any persons or bodies who may be affected by the mining operations, including rehabilitation, carried out on the lease land, and includes: the relevant development consent authority the local council the relevant landholder(s) community consultative committee (if required under the development consent) or equivalent consultative group affected land holder(s) government agencies relevant to the final land use affected infrastructure authorities (electricity, telecommunications, water, pipeline, road, rail authorities) local Aboriginal communities, and any other person or body determined by the Minister to be a relevant stakeholder in relation to a mining lease.	
Risk	The effect of uncertainty on objectives. It is measured in terms of consequences and likelihood (AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009).	
Secretary	The Secretary of the Department.	
Security deposit	An amount that a mining lease holder is required to provide and maintain under a mining lease condition, to secure funding for the fulfilment of obligations under the lease (including obligations that may arise in the future).	
Surface disturbance	Includes activities that disturb the surface of the mining area, including mining operations, ancillary mining activities and exploration.	
Tailings	A combination of the fine-grained solid material remaining after the recoverable metals and minerals have been extracted from the mined ore, and any process water ² .	
Waste	Has the same meaning as that term under the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> .	

² Commonwealth of Australia (DITR), 2007. *Tailings Management*.

Forward Program (SMALL MINE) v2.1

15

Site Registration Date February 2024 Complete the following fields prior to calculating the Security Deposit. Running Stream Mine Name: ML1777 Lease(s): Title Holder: CSR Building Products Limited Mine Operator: PGH Bricks & Pavers Pty Ltd Term of RCE: Until end of Forward Program 18/11/2027 **Current Security:** \$98,000 Date of last Security Deposit review Joe Gauci Mine Contact: National Raw Materials Manager Position: Address: 59-67 Cecil Park Road Cecil Park NSW 2178 Phone: 417683526 Email: jgauci@csr.com.au

The following site specific information is Deposit.	requested to provide background informa	ation in the context of calculating the Security
Summary of Mine Activities		Environmental Sensitivities
Total annual production (tonnes):	0	Surrounding land use (tick all that apply):
Mine lease area (ha):	21.99	☐ Cropping
` '		☐ Pasture
Area of extraction (ha):	1.04	Forest
Area of disturbance (ha):	3.82	Undisturbed habitat
Rehabilitation in progress (ha):	1.28	☐ Urban
Rehabilitation complete (ha): Achieved ecosystem sustainability	0	Environmental Issues affecting site (tick all that
		☐ Threatened flora
Forward Program/MOP Utilised: Reference no. version and date		☐ Threatened fauna
Transferred net version and date		Cultural heritage items
Forward Program/MOP Plan Utilised:	1	□ Natural heritage features
Reference Plan no. version and date		☐ Mine subsidence
	2	Surface water pollution
Plan(s) attached	3	Ground water pollution
	<u> </u>	Hydrocarbon contamination
		☐ Methane drainage/venting
		☐ Spontaneous combustion
		Acid Mine Drainage
NOT		Within drinking water catchment
NOT Ensure rehabilitation cost estimation refle		Other (describe below)
the lease. Contingencies should be al		
incorporated els		
estimat	tion.	



Open Cut Summary Rehabilitation Cost Estimation

Note: Sections of this page	are automatically filled in from the registration page							
Mine Name:	Running Stream							
Lease(s):	ML1777							
Authorisation Owner:	CSR Building Products Limited							
Mine Operator:	PGH Bricks & Pavers Pty Ltd							
Term of RCE:	Until end of Forward Program 18/11/2027							
Current Security:	\$98,000 Date of Last S	ecurity Deposit Revi	ew: 4/03/2019					
Mine Contact:	Joe Gauci							
Position:	National Raw Materials Manager							
Address:	59-67 Cecil Park Road Cecil Park NSW 2178							
Phone:	417683526 Email: <u>igauci@cs</u>	r.com.au						
	Domain		Security Deposit					
Domain 1: Infrastructure			\$16,520					
Domain 2: Tailings & Re	ejects							
Domain 3: Overburden 8			\$1,184					
Domain 4: Active Mine 8			\$14,145					
Domain 5: Management	Activities		\$37,593					
Subtotal (Domains and	I Sundry Items)		\$69,442					
Contingency		10%	\$6,944					
Post Closure Environme	ental Monitoring	10%	\$6,944					
Project Management an	d Surveying	10%	\$6,944					
Total Security Dep	osit for the Mining Project (excl. of GS	Γ)	\$90,274					
Note: GST is not include	d in the above calculation or as part of rehabilitation se	curity deposits require	ed by the Department.					
Alterations have been	made to unit prices within this spreadsheet. (Attach a se	parate sheet providing d	etails of changes).					
☐ The proposed rehabil	itation design is generally consistent with the developmen	t consent for the project						
This Registration Form, S	Summary Report and calculation pages are to be printe	ed and attached as an a	appendix the AEMR or MOP.					
	on has been estimated using the best available information lection of the total rehabilitation liability held by this mine.	at the time.						
Company Resprese	ntative's Name		Date					

Domain 1a: Infrastructure

Total Cost for Infrastructure Domain

\$16,520

Key Rehabilitation Area Data for Domain	Enter data below manually
Total Landform Establishment:	
Total Growth Media Development:	
Total Ecosystem Establishment:	•

Management Precinct	Activity / Description	Applicable (Y or N)	Quantity	Unit	Default Unit Rate	Alternative Unit Rate	Total Cost	Basis for Costs Estimation and Additional Relevant Information	Description / Notes:
						N	\$0		
					Rail Infrastruct		\$0		
				Conta	minated Mater	als Subtotal	\$0		
				Vents, Shar	fts and Boreho	les Subtotal	\$0		
							\$0		
Earthworks / Structural Works (Landform Establishment)	Minor reshaping and pushing	Υ	1.3	ha	\$3,900		\$5,070		D10 Dozer @ \$400 per hour and 16 H grader @ \$230 per hour (50% utilisation).
	E	arthworks / S	tructural Wor	ks (Landfor	m Establishme	ent) Subtotal	\$5,070		
Land Preparation and Revegetation (Growth Media Development and Ecosystem Establishment)	Source, cart and spread growth media - haul distance <1 km	Υ	2600	m3	\$3.26		\$8,466	< =1km	Undertaken with 623 scraper and 14 M grader.
	Direct seeding / fertiliser (pasture grass species)	Y	1.3	ha	\$1,875		\$2,438		Includes treating, weighing, mixing with fertiliser + spreading by tractor or helicopter (aerial seeding).
	Single application of fertiliser (pasture)	Υ	1.3	ha	\$420.00		\$546		Assumes 250 kg / ha. These rates have fluctuated over the last few years however in light of current conditions (lower fuel prices, reduced demand etc) this is a suitable standard rate.
	Land Preparation and Revegetation (Gro	wth Media De	velopment ar	nd Ecosyste	m Establishme	ent) Subtotal	\$11,450		
							\$0		
			Mainte	enance of Re	ehabilitated Ar	eas Subtotal	\$0		
					Additional Ite	ms Subtotal	\$0		
	Total Cost for Infrastructure Domain							\$16,52	0

Domain 2a: Tailings & Rejects

Total Cost for Tailings & Rejects Domain

\$0

Key Rehabilitation Area Data for Domain	Enter data below manually
Total Landform Establishment:	
Total Growth Media Development:	
Total Ecosystem Establishment:	

Management Precinct	Activity / Description	Applicable (Y or N)	Quantity	Unit	Default Unit Rate	Alternative Unit Rate	Total Cost	Basis for Costs Estimation and Additional Relevant Information	Description / Notes:
				Conta	aminated Mater	als Subtotal	\$0		
							\$0		
		Earthworks / St	tructural Work	s (Landfo	rm Establishme	ent) Subtotal	\$0		
					Mine Wa	ste Subtotal	\$0		
	Land Preparation and Revegetation (C	Growth Media Dev	velopment an	d Ecosyst	em Establishme	ent) Subtotal	\$0		
				1	Nater Managem	ent Subtotal			
			Mainter	nance of R	Rehabilitated Ar	eas Subtotal	\$0 \$0		
	Additional Items Subtotal								
	Total Cost for Tailings & Rejects Domain							\$0	

Domain 3a: Overburden & Waste

Total Cost for Overburden & Waste Domain

\$1,184

Key Rehabilitation Area Data for Domain	Enter data below manually
Total Landform Establishment:	
Total Growth Media Development:	
Total Ecosystem Establishment:	
·	

Management Precinct	Activity / Description	Applicable (Y or N)	Quantity	Unit	Default Unit Rate	Alternative Unit Rate	Total Cost	Basis for Costs Estimation and Additional Relevant Information	Description / Notes:
	Contaminated Materials Subtotal						\$0		
	Roads and Tracks Subtotal								
Earthworks / Structural Works (Landform Establishment) Subtotal									
					Mine Wa	ste Subtotal			
	Land Preparation and Revegetation (Gro	wth Media De	velopment an	nd Ecosyste	m Establishme	ent) Subtotal	\$0		
				W	later Managem	ent Subtotal	\$0		
Maintenance of Rehabilitated Areas	Maintenance of areas that have been shaped and seeded and revegetation has been 'successful'	Y	1.28	ha	\$925		\$1,184	ir n ir	ehabilitation maintenance might clude re-seeding, watering, fertilising, inor re-shaping, erosion control, spections/audits - does not include ajor repair works.
			Mainte	nance of Re	ehabilitated Ar	eas Subtotal	\$1,184		
	Additional Items Subtotal						\$0		
	Total Cost for Overburden & Waste Domain							\$1,184	

Domain 4a: Active Mine & Voids

Total Cost for Active Mine & Voids Domain

\$14,145

Key Rehabilitation Area Data for Domain	Enter data below manually
Total Landform Establishment:	
Total Growth Media Development:	
Total Ecosystem Establishment:	

Management Precinct	Activity / Description	Applicable (Y or N)	Quantity	Unit	Default Unit Rate	Alternative Unit Rate	Total Cost	Basis for Costs Estimation and Additional Relevant Information	Description / Notes:
					Open	Cut Subtotal	\$0		
Earthworks / Structural Works (Landform Establishment)	Minor reshaping and pushing	Υ	1.04	ha	\$3,900		\$4,056		D10 Dozer @ \$400 per hour and 16 H grader @ \$230 per hour (50% utilisation).
	E	arthworks / S	tructural Wo	rks (Landfori	m Establishme	ent) Subtotal	\$4,056		
Land Preparation and								<=1km	
Revegetation (Growth Media Development and Ecosystem Establishment)	Source, cart and spread growth media - haul distance <1 km	Y	1000	m3	\$3.26		\$3,256		Undertaken with 623 scraper and 14 M grader.
,	Direct seeding / fertiliser (pasture grass species)	Y	1.04	ha	\$1,875		\$1,950		Includes treating, weighing, mixing with fertiliser + spreading by tractor or helicopter (aerial seeding).
	Direct seeding / fertiliser (tree or native grass species)	Y	1.04	ha	\$4,135		\$4,300		Includes treating, weighing, mixing with fertiliser + spreading by tractor or helicopter (aerial seeding).
	Single application of fertiliser (pasture)	Y	1.04	ha	\$420.00		\$437		Assumes 250 kg / ha. These rates have fluctuated over the last few years however in light of current conditions (lower fuel prices, reduced demand etc) this is a suitable standard rate.
	Single application of fertiliser (trees)	Y	1.04	ha	\$140.00		\$146		These rates have fluctuated over the last few years however in light of curren conditions (lower fuel prices, reduced demand etc) this is a suitable standard rate.
	Land Preparation and Revegetation (Gro	wth Media De	velopment ar	nd Ecosyster	n Establishme	ent) Subtotal	\$10,089		
				W	ater Managem	ent Subtotal	\$0		
			Mainte	enance of Re	habilitated Ar	eas Subtotal	\$0		
					Additional Ite	ms Subtotal	\$0		
	Total Cost for A	ctive M	ine & V	oids Do	omain			\$14,14	5

Domain 5a: Management Activities

Total Cost for Management Activities

\$37,593

Key Rehabilitation Area Data for Domain	Enter data below manually
Total Landform Establishment:	
Total Growth Media Development:	
Total Ecosystem Establishment:	

		Applicable	a di		Default Unit	Alternative		Basis for Costs Estimation	5 1 1 W
Management Precinct	Activity / Description	(Y or N)	Quantity	Unit	Rate	Unit Rate	Total Cost	and Additional Relevant Information	Description / Notes:
Water Management	On-site treatment of contaminated water due to high salt (includes removal of metals etc, brine disposal and cost of mobile water treatment unit)	N		ML	\$3,600				Rate can fluctuate depending on treatment type however this is a suitable standard rate for current programs at mining operations.
	On-site treatment of contaminated water due to low pH (incudes removal of metals etc, neutralisation treatments and cost of mobile water treatment unit	N		ML	\$1,500				Rate can fluctuate depending on treatment type however this is a suitable standard rate for current programs at mining operations.
Creek Diversions				Wa	ater Managem	ent Subtotal	\$0		Assumes material is suitable for
	Repairs and/or stabilisation of new or compromised water course diversion	N		m	\$2,500				revegetating and has a reasonable chance of stabilising. Assumes maintenance has been kept
	Long term maintenance of water course diversion – Channel constructed through backfilled material	N		m	\$1,500				up and significant works are not required. Assumes maintenance has been kept
	Long term maintenance of water course diversion – Channel constructed through competent material	N		m	\$750.00				up and significant works are not required.
	Installation of rock armouring	N		m2	\$6.00				Assumes competent material is locally available - multiply costs by 2 for sourcing and transporting from offsite location.
					Creek Diversi	ons Subtotal	\$0		Toodhorn.
Maintenance of Rehabilitated Areas	Pest management on buffer lands, non-disturbed, and rehabilitated areas	Y	19.26	ha	\$150.00		\$2,889		Feral animal baiting programs if required and waste materials required to be removed.
	Land management of undisturbed areas (rehabilitation, weeds, ferals, erosion and sediment control works)	Y	19.26	ha	\$400.00		\$7,704		Undisturbed areas within the lease boundary that require land management activities.
	,		Mainte	enance of Re	habilitated Ar	eas Subtotal	\$10,593		
Heritage Items	The restoration and care and maintenance of items that have heritage significance	N		allow	Use alternate rate cell				Item for the redistribution of Aboriginal artefacts, preservation of European heritage items or a combination of
				l	Heritage Ite	ems Subtotal	\$0		activities.
Sundry Items									Provisional sum to be used to refine the
	Development of an 'Unplanned' Project Closure Plan - State Significant Development with closure planning well progressed i.e. preferred cover design, closure environment modelled e.g. groundverter /subsidence / pit lakes, preliminary seal designs, etc. and only finalisation of detailed engineering deigns required	N		allow	\$100,000				closure plan with execution strategies for rehabilitation activities. Assumes outcomes of studies readily available including modelling, landform design, geochemistry, demolition, etc. Costs to finalise options by domain an finalise designs for construction. Assume a simple site e.g. single open cut, no legacy operations historic in the area, little social dependence, etc. Depending on site size, complexity, fin land use requirements and knowledge base investigations can range from ~575 kt o \$1 M. Sites with more than 1 pit to add \$50,000 to rate.
	Development of an 'Unplanned' Project Closure Plan - Non State Significant Development with at least 2c of the following aspects requiring closure planning, but no significant issues realised at this time: previous subsidence, medium or higher geochemistry risk and/or spontaneous combustion propensity, known likely contamination, tailings / rejects, final void	N		allow	\$90,000				Provisional sum to be used to refine th conceptual closure plan into a detailed closure plan with execution strategies for rehabilitation activities. Estimated cost for developing closure plan including studies - basic to satisfy risks and decisions - includes risk assessment, options analysis, Closure Plan. Street with more than 1 pit to add \$50,000 to rate.
	Development of an 'Unplanned' Project Closure Plan Non State Significant Development with no EPL and/or only one of the following relevant aspects: previous subsidence, low to medium geochemistry risk and/or spontaneous combustion propensity, known limited contamination, small approved final void	Y	1	allow	\$15,000		\$15,000		Assumes sediment control is the key concern for rehabilitation e.g. small mines, exploration operations. Include risk assessment, sampling and analyses on <5 samples, one study an Closure Plan.
	Development of an 'Unplanned' Project Closure Plan - State Significant Development with only preliminary to conceptual closure planning in place	N		allow	\$300,000				Includes costs for key investigations and studies including designs e.g. geochemistry, Contamination Remediation Action Plan, subsidence risk, cover/capping and final landform, site wide surface water, etc. Provision sum to be used to refine the conceptue closure plan into a detailed closure plan with execution strategies for rehabilitation activities. Assume at least 15 types of studies required ranging from geotechnical to ecology and social, development of closure plan including address of obligations. Assume a simple site e.g. single open cut, no legacy operations historic in the area, little social dependence, etc. Depending on site size, complexity, fin land use requirements and knowledge base investigations can range to >\$3 h. Sites with more than 1 pit to add \$50,000 to rate.

1									Includes costs for key investigations
	Development of an 'Unplanned' Project Closure Plan - Non State Significant Development with at least 22 of the following aspects resulting in significant issues requiring remediation: previous subsidence, medium or higher geochemistry risk and/or spontaneous combustion propensity, known/ likely contamination, tailings / rejects, final void	N		allow	\$125,000				and studies including economic treatments and designs e.g. geochemistry. Contamination Remediation Action Plan, subsidence risk, cover/capping and final landform, site wide surface water, etc. Provisional sum to be used to refine the conceptual closure plan into a detailed closure plan with execution strategies for rehabilitation activities.
	Develop a Review of Environmental Factors (REF) to facilitate rehabilitation including contamination works.	N		allow	\$27,950				Based on experience for a REF after completion of a detailed closure study (e.g. contamination investigation) costs could range from \$10,000 to \$100,000 ex GST. Note this does not apply to a Statement of Environmental Effects or Environmental Impact Statement.
	Site security during closure	N		yr.	\$75,000				Provisional sum for site security measures required during closure. This includes nightly patrols and first response in the event of an out of hours incident.
	Choose type of HAZMAT Clean-up required - cleaning and decontaminating plant and equipment,	N		allow	\$0			Select type of HAZMAT Clean-up Required	Type of HAZMAT Clean-up required - cleaning and decontaminating plant and equipment, chemical storage locations,
	chemical storage locations, oil and grease traps, tanks, vessels, and pipe work etc	ı		allow	Ų.				oil and grease traps, tanks, vessels, and pipe work etc
	Removal and disposal of radiation devices	N		each	\$31,630				Provisional sum for removal and disposal of monitoring devices on conveyors using a radiation source (i.e., Americium – 241, Plutonium – 238, Caesium - 137 etc). Source Isotope type, quantity, strength, weight, source holder type, source holder type, source holder bight, pick-up location (among others) will directly affect pricing.
	Additional fees for accessing State, Crown or other public lands for rehabilitation/remediation activities	N		allow	Use alternate rate cell				Provisional sum.
					Sundry Ite	ems Subtotal	\$15,000		
Mobilisation and Demobilisation	Mobilisation & Demobilisation for small mine or quarry - small fleet	Y	1	Item	\$12,000		\$12,000		May include specialist demolition equipment and/or suitable plant to execute bulk earthworks as required.
	Mobilisation & Demobilisation for small mine or quarry - medium to large fleet	N		Item	\$35,000				May include specialist demolition equipment and/or suitable plant to execute bulk earthworks as required.
	Mobilisation & Demobilisation (Distance to site <150 km)	N		item	\$100,000				May include specialist demolition equipment and/or suitable plant to execute bulk earthworks as required.
	Mobilisation & Demobilisation (Distance to site >150 km but <500 km)	N		item	\$150,000				May include specialist demolition equipment and/or suitable plant to execute bulk earthworks as required.
	Mobilisation & Demobilisation (Distance to site >500 km but <1000 km)	N		item	\$300,000				May include specialist demolition equipment and/or suitable plant to execute bulk earthworks as required.
	Mobilisation & Demobilisation (Distance to site >1000 km)	N		item	\$500,000				May include specialist demolition equipment and/or suitable plant to execute bulk earthworks as required.
Additional Items	1		Mo	bilisation and		tion Subtotal	\$12,000		This item includes < <to added="" be="" by<="" td=""></to>
Auditional items	Other 1 <insert></insert>	N			This is				the operator>>
	Other 2 <insert></insert>	N			deliberately				This item includes < <to added="" be="" by="" operator="" the="">></to>
	Other 3 <insert></insert>	N			left blank				This item includes < <to added="" be="" by="" operator="" the="">></to>
					Additional Ite	ems Subtotal	\$0		
	Total Cost for	r Manag	gement	Activiti	es			\$37,593	3

Assumptions and rehabilitation requirements						
List or record any assumptions made when completing this tool:						



Activity

Domain

Justification for Change of Rates in the Rehabilitation Cost Estimation Tool

DRG unit/rate

In completing the Rehabilitation Cost Estimation, we are seeking an adjustment to the rates currently utilised in the Rehabilitation Cost Estimation Tool. A justification for the rate change by a third party has been included and I confirm that only the rates identified in the above table have been altered in the Rehabilitation Cost Estimation Tool.						
	Authrorisation Representatives	Name			Date	

Adopted Rates

Justification